December 9 Questions

1)	The last part of Romans reveals Paul's perspective on evangelism and discipleship, and it has
	significant insights for a biblical theology of First, this passage teaches us that all
	missionary efforts are dependent on, and the results must be recognized as the work of His
	(Rom 15:17–18). This means that while planning, preparation and resources are needed
	to accomplish the work of missions, the most important factor is the powerful, supernatural
	of the Spirit. Second, the task of missions is the privilege of ministering
	Christ to the nations (Rom 15:16). Third, missions must maintain a balance between the ultimate
	goal of establishing mature and the urgent need to those who have
	never heard the gospel (Rom 15:19–20). Paul's approach to missions was to proclaim the gospel,
	establish a congregation of new converts, and then those believers until they were
	enough to continue the cycle themselves. The ultimate goal of missions is to see
	maturing fellowships of believers who are themselves out to make disciples. Finally,
	our churches must engage in of mutual benefit in order to advance the cause of
	Christ around the world. Paul stressed the need for partnership in missions, and as he looked to
	, he knew he needed help from the church in Rome to accomplish his goal.