## **August 10 Questions**

1)	The death of Josiah (Summer 609 BC). Pharaoh Necho II	of respond	ed to the urgent
	appeal for help by Ashur-uballit II of and m	narched his army north	to aid the Assyrians
	When Josiah engaged Necho at Megiddo, Necho warned him to stand aside: "Cease opposing		
	, who is with me, lest he destroy you" (2 Chr 35:21). Josiah ignored this warning and ended		
	up being killed in the ensuing battle. How could such a godly man come to such a tragic end? Josiał		
	made the mistake of thinking that because Necho was the king of a pagan nation, he couldn't be		
	acting in harmony with God's will (cf. Isa 36:10). His mistake teaches us that God is		
	over the nations, and while not everyone who claims to have a message from God really does, we		
	would be wise to stop and consider the fact that God oft	en uses the	_ of the world to
	accomplish His plans and purposes (cf. Isa 45:1-3). Josia	h's son,	became king after
	his father's death, but Necho him to Egypt a	and made his brother _	king
	instead. Jehoiakim was a wicked man who was more concerned with building himself a palace of		
	than he was with obeying God. God sent Jeremiah to rebuke him (Jer 22:15–16). This		
	teaches us that knowing God means more than knowing what He has done (the) or		
	knowing what He has said (the). It means	s knowing God as a pe	rson—what brings
	Him joy or makes Him angry, His values, concerns and priorities—and then in the light		
	of that knowledge. Such a life brings honor and glory to God!		