May 5 Questions

1) David's psalms. Psalm 16 is the prayer of a man who took _______ in God. He loved the _______ and rejected those who ran after other gods. He trusted in God, and he claimed the LORD as his "_______" (Ps 16:5–6). He said, "I have set the LORD always before me; because he is at my right hand, I shall not be shaken. Therefore my heart is glad, and my whole being rejoices; my flesh also dwells secure. For you will not abandon my soul to _______, or let your holy one see _______. You make known to me the path of ______; in your presence there is fullness of joy; at your right hand are pleasures forevermore" (Ps 16:8–11). _______ later told the Jews that David was *not* speaking of himself in this psalm; he was speaking prophetically of _______ (Acts 2:25–31). God did not allow His Son to "see corruption," but _______ Him up from the dead and _______ Him at His right hand. "Let all the house of Israel therefore know for certain that God has made him both _______ and ______, this Jesus whom you crucified" (Acts 2:36).