December 24 Answers

1) Peter wrote previously about the persecution the believers were suffering from those outside the church, and he encouraged the congregation to stand fast in the faith. Peter now wrote concerning the theological and moral heresy the believers were facing from those within the church. The threat came from false teachers who had once been disciples themselves! This teaches us that it's possible for a believer to fall away from the faith. We must be on guard against the temptations of pride, greed and sensuality, for they are just as real today as they were in Peter's day (2 Pet 2:10, 15, 18). The false teachers dismissed the apostles' eyewitness accounts of Jesus' ministry as myths, questioned the truth of Scripture, denied the second coming of Christ, and twisted Paul's teachings into error (cf. 2 Pet 1:16, 21; 3:4, 16). This teaches us that we can recognize false teachers by what they say. They deny God's Word and teach their own ideas instead of the Spirit's inspired truth. The false teachers also exploited the church, enticed those who were weak, despised authority, and encouraged others to indulge in the passions of the flesh. This teaches us that we can recognize false teachers by what they <u>do</u>. They refuse to be <u>holy</u> and insist that God's grace is a license to <u>sin</u>. Peter knew how dangerous these false teachers were to the church, and he urged his readers to be diligent to grow in grace. If they would be diligent to increase in the spiritual character qualities he mentioned, they would be safe from apostasy and their calling and election would be secure (2 Pet 1:5-11).