October 24 Answers

1) Jesus gave sight to a man who had been blind from birth (John's <u>sixth</u> sign). This story teaches us several important lessons: 1) While all physical defects can be traced back to the <u>fall</u>, not every infirmity is the direct result of an individual's sin. The disciples' question about the man's guilt revealed their thinking to be as wrong as Job's <u>friends</u> (Job 4:7–8). 2) God delights to heal the damage caused by sin, but not every infirmity is meant to display His power. Some ailments are <u>frequent</u> and recurring (1 Tim 5:23), while others are for God's <u>glory</u> (John 9:3). 3) Jesus put clay on the man's eyes, but his sight was not restored until he <u>went</u> to the pool and <u>washed</u>. True faith always demonstrates itself by <u>obedience</u> to what God commands (James 2:22). 4) Jesus deliberately "worked" on the Sabbath (He made clay) in order to restore the man's sight. He did this to expose the spiritual <u>blindness</u> of the Pharisees, who refused to believe in him as the Messiah (John 9:22). There are none so blind as those who will not <u>see</u>. 5) The Pharisees threw the man out of the <u>synagogue</u>, but the One who was greater than the synagogue welcomed him in. Those who are seeking the truth will find to their delight that the <u>Truth</u> is seeking them!