September 19 Answers

1) Two years after Zechariah's night visions, the people of Bethel came to ask the priests and prophets whether the fasts to remember the destruction of Jerusalem should still be kept. Through Zechariah, God rebuked the attitude which lay behind the question. Yes, they had fasted during the exile, but their fasts were times of self-pity, not genuine repentance and remorse (cf. Isa 58:1–8). They fasted for themselves just as they feasted for themselves. It was an empty ritual because it was not done in sincerity of heart. Zechariah urged the people to repent and practice righteousness, for their self-centeredness had been shared by their wicked and unrepentant fathers. God told the remnant that He was "jealous for Zion with great jealousy" (Zech 8:2). He would restore the city in the present, and He would make it even greater in the distant future (Zech 8:3–5). God then said, "All this may seem impossible to you now, a small remnant of God's people. But is it impossible for me?" (Zech 8:6 NLT). When we struggle with doubt and worry, we need to remember that mothing is too hard for God! (Gen 18:14). God's plans for their good should motivate them to live holy lives (Zech 8:16–17). If they would do this, if they would "love truth and peace," God would turn their fasts into times of "joy and gladness and cheerful feasts" (Zech 8:19).