July 22 Answers

1) The conclusion of Isaiah's "Book of Woes" (Isa 28–33). Isaiah pronounced a woe on those who looked to **Egypt** for help. Why was it wrong for Judah to seek help from other nations? First, they were trusting in men rather than trusting God. The result would be disaster for both Judah and Egypt. Second, they were violating God's command that they should never return to Egypt for military aid (cf. Deut 17:16). Third, and most importantly, they were rejecting God's call for repentance. The people of Judah would not humble themselves and admit that their troubles were of their own making. Assyria did not go overlooked—Isaiah pronounced a woe on them as well. As soon as they were done destroying, they themselves would be destroyed (Isa 33:1). After the Book of Woes, Isaiah prophesied of the coming "Day of the LORD" and the millennial reign of Christ (Isa 34-35). Isaiah spoke of the heavens being dissolved and the sky being rolled up like a scroll, events connected with Christ's second coming (cf. Matt 24:29). After God's judgment on the nations is over, He will transform Zion into a garden. Isaiah said this truth should encourage us and give us the strength to continue in the faith (Isa 35:3; Heb 12:12). We can take comfort in the fact that there is coming a day when righteousness will reign and wickedness will be vanquished forever. In that day there will be a "Highway of Holiness" leading to God's throne in Jerusalem. "The ransomed of the LORD shall return and come to Zion with singing; everlasting joy shall be upon their heads; they shall obtain gladness and joy, and sorrow and sighing shall flee away" (Isa 35:10). I look forward to singing God's praises "in that day"! Hallelujah!