April 4 Answers

1) The judgeship of Gideon (Jdg 6–8). The people cried out to God for help, and God sent a prophet to remind them that their plight was of their own making (Jdg 6:1–10). Then, in mercy (for there is no record that they repented), God commissioned Gideon, an insignificant man from a small family in the tribe of west Manasseh, as Israel's deliverer. God's choice of Gideon shows us that He uses "what is weak in the world to shame the strong" (1 Cor 1:26–29). God does this so that no man may boast before Him, for He alone is to be glorified (cf. Jdg 7:2). God greeted Gideon by saying, "The LORD is with you, O mighty man of valor" (Jdg 6:12), but Gideon, who was very aware of his shortcomings, completely missed the point: *If the LORD is with you, then you are indeed mighty*. God was trying to teach Gideon that it was not his inadequacy but God's sufficiency that counted. It's encouraging to see how God stayed with Gideon every step of the way, and how He patiently made allowances for his fleeces and his fears (Jdg 6:35–40; 7:9–11). God gave Gideon victory over the Midianites, and God used him to punish the wayward Israelites of the Transjordan. Their scorn of Gideon and his men was an act of treason, for by refusing to give aid to Gideon, they were helping the Midianites (cf. Jdg 5:23; Luke 11:23).